

Green care: An overview







Dr Rachel Bragg

Care Farming UK (University of Essex)





- So many different 'nature-based' initiatives
- Being run by and for many different people
- Increasing interest in using nature for health
- But there is sometimes confusion
- Green care sector: has started to unify and deliver a clear message to commissioners
- Best way forward? Social prescribing? Green public health?

How can we make green care a natural part of health and social care services?



Many current health issues

- Obesity
- Physical inactivity
- Smoking
- Diabetes
- Cancer
- Mental ill-health
- Dementia
- Comorbidity

Challenges for NHS in treatment

and for Public health in prevention



Changes in health and social care



- Structural changes
- NHS needs to change
 - from "a 'factory' model of care and repair"
 - to one that focuses on much wider individual and community engagement (Five Years Forward View, NHS England, 2014)
- Social prescribing
- Drive to integrate health and social care
- Radical upgrade in prevention and public health
- National action to tackle major health risks
 - i.e. prevention (Five Years Forward View, NHS England, 2014)
- Nature to the rescue?

Health promotion

Health prevention -

Green Care –

Nature-based therapy or

Everyday life –



What is green care?

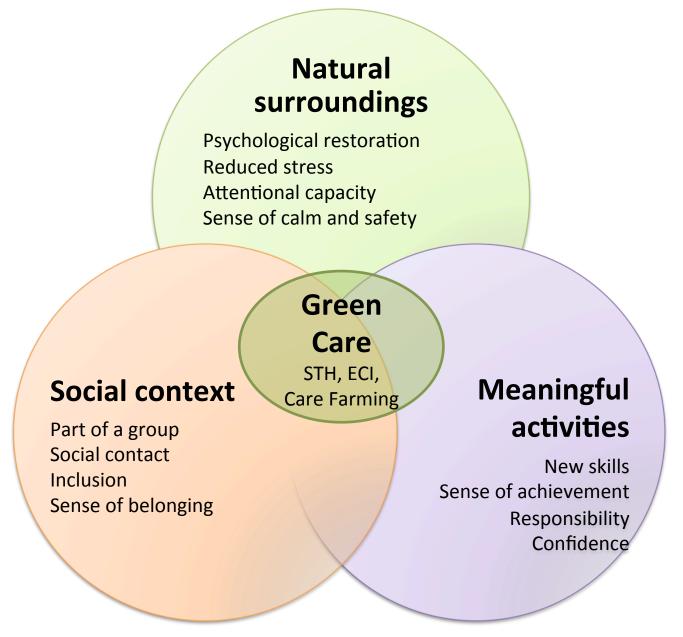
"Green care: nature-based therapy or treatment interventions - specifically designed, structured and facilitated for individuals with a defined need"

- not a casual encounter with nature
- A range of different green care interventions available
 - Collective name
 - But many different settings and contexts under the umbrella

Green Care Others: Social and **Therapeutic** Wilderness therapy; Horticulture Nature - including Food therapy; growing (as a treatment Nature arts Intervention) and crafts; Ecopsychotherapy; **Environmental Animal** Conservation Green **Care Farming Assisted** (as a treatment intervention); **Exercise** Therapy (as a treatment Ecotherapy intervention)

Range of different contexts, activities, health benefits, service users, motivations and needs.

Interaction of three key elements within green care



Multiple outcomes

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- Multiple outcomes from green care
 - simultaneously produces other positive life outcomes
 - wider than clinical outcomes
 - Integrates health and social care
 - Is therefore cost-effective
 - Also enjoyable people go back!
 - Ticks many of the boxes in 'Five Year Forward View'
- Need to raise awareness commissioners practitioners and patients alike





Some recommendations



- There is a need for the green care sector umbrella organisations to:
 - work together in partnership in order to promote the sector more widely to policymakers, commissioners and potential service users; and
 - to raise awareness within the green care sector of the need for developing common messages for clear communications with commissioners.
- Through partnership, a core group of national organisations should widely adopt the term 'green care' to demonstrate leadership





- It is crucial to make a distinction between
 - specifically designed and commissioned interventions for individuals with a defined need (green care), and
 - public health programmes for the general population.
- To ensure that nature-based service providers use the appropriate language (and evidence) to talk to the 'right' commissioners
 - i.e. green care providers will target health and social care commissioners (Clinical Commissioning Groups and Local Authorities (social services)) and more general nature-based programmes will target commissioners of Public health (PHE and Local Authorities (public health)).





Dr Rachel Bragg
Development coordinator, Care Farming UK
rachel@carefarminguk.org www.carefarminguk.org

Visiting Fellow, Green Exercise Research Team University of Essex



www.greenexercise.org





Full references for figures

- Please include short reference underneath the figures whenever you use them
 many thanks
- Full references are as follows:

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